

Science Department Year 12 2020

ATAR PHYSICS UNIT 3: MOTION AND FORCES TEST 1 2020

Student Name:

Teacher: JRM HKR (Please circle)

Time allowed for this paper

Working time for paper: 50 minutes.

Instructions to candidates:

- You must include **all** working to be awarded full marks for a question. Answers should be expressed to 3 significant figures unless otherwise indicated.
- Marks may be deducted if diagrams are not drawn neatly with a ruler and to scale (if specified).
- Marks will be deducted for incorrect or absent units.
- No graphics calculators are permitted scientific calculators only.

Mark:	/ 56
=	%



(a) Calculate the velocity of the ball when it strikes the enclosed roof.

(5 marks)

(b) Calculate the time taken for the cricket ball to strike the enclosed roof.

(3 marks)

Question 1 continued

The ruling in the Big Bash League is if the cricket ball is to strike any part of the stadium, it is instantly deemed to be a "six"; the number of runs awarded if the cricket ball were to land over the field boundary on the first bounce. At Marvel Stadium, the boundary is 67.0 m from where the ball was struck. The fielding team argued that this ball would never have been a "six" as it was never going to cross the boundary.

(c) Determine via suitable calculation, whether the fielding opposition have a valid argument, ie: that the ball would not have landed over the boundary.

(6 marks)

A motorbike is travelling on a 16.0° banked curve, making a horizontal turn with a 63.2 m radius at 60.0 km h⁻¹. While the road supplies a normal force of 1280 N, the wheels of the motorbike supply an additional 185 N frictional force, down the plane of the surface, to assist the motor bike in completing the turn without slipping.

(a) Draw a vector diagram which shows all the physical forces acting on the motorbike in this scenario.

(2 marks)

16.0°

(b) Calculate the mass of the motorbike.

(3 marks)

(c) Calculate the centripetal force acting on the motorbike.

(3 marks)

(5 marks)

A ball of mass 0.455 kg is being swung in a vertical circular path, attached to the end of a light string of negligible mass as shown in the diagram. The string has a constant radius of 1.12m and at its highest point it is travelling with a speed of 4.50 m s⁻¹. The ball is then allowed to fall under the influence of gravity. Calculate the magnitude of the tension in the string when the ball is at its lowest point of its path.



A ball is rolled from rest down a curved slope, across a flat smooth table horizontally and falling to the floor. H = 1.00 m and h = 0.40 m



(a) Using concepts of conservation of energy, calculate the speed with which the ball leaves the table. Assume no energy is lost to friction or air resistance or transferred to rotational energy.

(3 marks)

(b) Calculate the time taken for the ball to strike the ground.

(3 marks)

Question 4 continued

(c) Derive an expression for s_x in terms of h and H only. (Note: you can include numbers) (4 marks)

Two rowers, who can row at the same speed in still water, set off across a river at the same time. One heads straight across and is pulled downstream somewhat by the river's current. The other one heads upstream at an angle so as to arrive at a point opposite the starting point. Explain which rower, if any, reaches the opposite side first. Include a detailed diagram in your response.

Cars X and Y are moving in a circle around a horizontal dual lane round about at a constant speed of 11.0 m s⁻¹ as shown in the diagram (not to scale).

(a) Making reference to an appropriate equation, compare the acceleration of cars X and Y.

(3 marks)



The roundabout currently has a maximum speed limit of 12.0 m s⁻¹ to enable cars to travel safely. Engineers have been asked to redesign the roundabout so as to increase the safe speed limit to 16.0 m s^{-1} , while still maintaining the inner and outer radius.

(b) Explain how the roundabout can be redesigned to enable cars to travel safely at higher speeds.

(4 marks)

Two crates, of mass 20.0 kg and 40.0 kg are in contact and at rest on an incline of angle 22.0°. A friction force of 12.0 N and 24.0 N (respectively) acts between each mass and the incline when a force of 285.0 N acts up the incline as shown in the diagram.



(a) Calculate the acceleration of the system.

(4 marks)

(b) Calculate the reaction force that the 20.0 kg mass applies to the 40.0 kg mass.

(4 marks)